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7	Attorneys for Defendant SPORTS RESEARCH CORPORATION	
8	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT	
9	CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA	
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11	FRANK CAPACI and CYNTHIA	Case No. 2:19-cv-03440-FMO-FFM
12	FORD on behalf of themselves, all others similarly situated, and the general	
13 14	public, Plaintiffs,	DEFENDANT SPORTS RESEARCH CORPORATION'S ANSWER TO
15	V.	SECOND AMENDED CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT
16	SPORTS RESEARCH	
17	CORPORATION, a California Corporation.	
18	Defendant.	
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Defendant Sports Research Corporation ("SR" or "Defendant") hereby state their answers and affirmative defenses to the Second Amended Complaint ("SAC") filed herein by plaintiffs Frank Capaci and Cynthia Ford, on behalf of themselves, all others similarly situated, and the general public ("Plaintiffs"), as follows:

I. <u>INTRODUCTION</u>

- 1. SR admits that it manufactures and sells a Garcinia Cambogia product (the "Product"), which contains Hydroxycitric Acid ("HCA") and extra virgin organic coconut oil. SR otherwise denies the allegations in Paragraph 1.
- 2. SR currently lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations in Paragraph 2 and, on that basis, denies such allegations.
- 3. SR admits that Plaintiffs bring this action alleging violations of the CLRA, UCL, FAL, and express and implied warranties under state law. SR admits that Plaintiffs had previously brought claims under New Jersey's Consumer Fraud Act and TCCWNA before the Court dismissed Plaintiff Capaci's individual claims, including the New Jersey Consumer Fraud Act and TCCWNA claims, in its July 15, 2020 order on the parties' joint stipulation filed July 14, 2020 dismissing Plaintiff Capaci from this action. SR otherwise denies the allegations in Paragraph 3.
- 4. SR admits that the SAC prays for injunctive relief, damages, and punitive damages but denies that it is in any way liable to Plaintiffs or that Plaintiffs are entitled to such relief.

II. <u>JURISDICTION AND VENUE</u>

5. The allegations in Paragraph 5 are legal conclusions to which no response is required. To the extent a response is required, SR denies the allegations in Paragraph 5.

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- 6. The allegations in Paragraph 6 are legal conclusions to which no response is required. To the extent a response is required, SR admits the allegations in Paragraph 6.
- 7. The allegations in Paragraph 7 are legal conclusions to which no response is required. To the extent a response is required, SR admits the allegations in Paragraph 7.

III. PARTIES

- 8. SR admits that it is a California corporation with a principal place of business in San Pedro, California. SR admits that it is registered to do business in California as entity number C1022324. SR admits that it manufactures and sells the Product in the United States, including in California and New Jersey. SR otherwise denies the remaining allegations in Paragraph 8.
- 9. The Court dismissed Plaintiff Capaci's individual claims in its July 15, 2020 order on the parties' joint stipulation filed July 14, 2020 dismissing Plaintiff Capaci from this action. Therefore, no response to the allegations in Paragraph 9 is required.
- 10. SR currently lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations in Paragraph 10 and, on that basis, denies such allegations.

IV. NATURE OF THE ACTION

11. SR admits that a U.S. Senate hearing took place on June 17, 2014 within the Subcommittee on Consumer Protection, Product Safety, and Insurance entitled *Protecting Consumers from False and Deceptive Advertising of Weight-Loss Supplement Products*. SR admits that the quoted language in Paragraph 11 is contained in the transcript of such hearing on the website provided in footnote 1 of Paragraph 11. SR otherwise denies the allegations contained in such quoted language.

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- 12. SR admits the quoted language is contained in the transcript of the referenced hearing. SR currently lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the allegations in Paragraph 12, including those allegations containing in the quoted language, and, on that basis, denies the allegations in Paragraph 12.
- 13. SR currently lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to whether or not Plaintiffs and the proposed Class members are all purchasers of SR's Product and, on that basis, denies such allegations in Paragraph 13. SR admits that its Product contains Garcinia Cambogia extract, standardized to Total Hydroxycitric Acid (HCA), but denies Plaintiffs' allegations regarding the Product. SR denies the remaining allegations in Paragraph 13.
- SR admits that it manufactures and sells the Product in the United States, 14. including California and New Jersey. SR otherwise denies the remaining allegations in Paragraph 14.
- SR currently lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief 15. as to the truth of the allegations in Paragraph 15 and, on that basis, denies such allegations.
- 16. SR admits that it manufactures the Product in 90-count and 180-count bottles of liquid softgels. SR currently lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the remaining allegations in Paragraph 16 and, on that basis, denies such allegations.
 - 17. SR denies the allegations in Paragraph 17.
- 18. The allegations in Paragraph 18 do not require a response. To the extent a response is required, SR denies that any statements constitute an express or implied warranty.
- 19. The allegations in Paragraph 19 do not require a response. To the extent a response is required, SR admits that Plaintiffs allege that quoted statements form the basis of their consumer fraud and misrepresentation causes of action. SR otherwise denies the allegations in Paragraph 19.

- 20. SR admits that the pictures contained in Paragraph 20 are one version of the front, side and back labels of a 90-count bottle of SR's Product. SR currently lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the remaining allegations in Paragraph 20, and, on that basis, denies such allegations.
- 21. SR admits that the label on the bottle displayed in the first picture in Paragraph 20 states that it is "garcinia cambogia" and is "made with 65% HCA & coconut oil." SR denies the remaining allegations in Paragraph 21.
- 22. SR admits that the label on the bottle displayed in the second picture in Paragraph 20 states "Sports Research Garcinia Cambogia with Coconut Oil is standardized to 65% Hydroxycitric acid (HCA) the active component in Garcinia Cambogia studied for its potential to suppress appetite.*" SR denies the remaining allegations in Paragraph 22.
- 23. SR admits that the label on the bottle displayed in the second picture in Paragraph 20 states "Along with diet and exercise, Garcinia Cambogia is a great way to support your overall weight management plan." SR denies the remaining allegations in Paragraph 23.
- 24. SR admits that the label on the bottle displayed in the second picture in Paragraph 20 states "Supports Appetite Control*" in yellow. SR denies the remaining allegations in Paragraph 24.
- 25. The allegations in Paragraph 25 are legal conclusions to which no response is required. To the extent that a response required, SR denies the allegations in Paragraph 25.
- 26. Paragraph 26 contains legal conclusions to which no response is required. To the extent a response is required, SR denies the allegations in Paragraph 26.
- 27. Paragraph 27 contains legal conclusions to which no response is required. To the extent a response is required, SR denies the allegations in Paragraph 27.

B. The Deceptive Labeling of the Product

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28. SR denies the allegations in Paragraph 28.

4 5 American Medical Association in 1998. SR lacks currently lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations regarding the

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allegations.

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Heymsfield study's duration and size in Paragraph 29 and, on that basis, denies such allegations. SR denies the remaining allegations in Paragraph 29.

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30. SR denies the allegations in Paragraph 30 and footnote 3 thereto, because Plaintiffs misconstrue the findings of the study as they may apply to SR's Product.

SR admits that the Heymsfield study was published in the *Journal of the*

The allegations in Paragraph 31 do not require a response, as they are not

- factual allegations but Plaintiffs' subjective interpretation of why the Heymsfield study was included in the later meta-analysis in the Onakpoya study. To the extent a response is required, SR only admits that the Heymsfield study was included in the Onakpoya study. SR lacks sufficient knowledge or information to form a belief as to the truth of the remaining allegations in Paragraph 31 and on that basis, denies such
- 32. SR admits that Max Pittler and Edzard Ernst published a study in *The American Journal of Clinical Nutrition* in 2004. SR otherwise denies the allegations in Paragraph 32, because Plaintiffs grossly mischaracterize the study cited.
- 33. SR denies the allegations in Paragraph 33, because Plaintiffs misconstrue the study's findings as they may apply to SR's Product.
- 34. SR denies the allegations in Paragraph 34, because Plaintiffs misconstrue the study's findings as they may apply to SR's Product.
 - 35. SR denies the allegations in Paragraph 35.
- 36. SR denies the allegations in Paragraph 36, because Plaintiffs misconstrue the studies' findings as they may apply to SR's Product.
- 37. SR denies the allegations in Paragraph 37, because Plaintiffs misconstrue the study's findings as they may apply to SR's Product.

- 38. SR denies the allegations in Paragraph 38, because Plaintiffs misconstrue the study's findings as they may apply to SR's Product.
- 39. SR denies the allegations in Paragraph 39, because Plaintiffs misconstrue the study's findings as they may apply to SR's Product.
- 40. SR denies the allegations in Paragraph 40, because Plaintiffs misconstrue the study's findings as they may apply to SR's Product.
- 41. SR denies the allegations in Paragraph 41, because Plaintiffs misconstrue the study's findings as they may apply to SR's Product.
- 42. SR denies the allegations in Paragraph 42, because Plaintiffs misconstrue the study's findings as they may apply to SR's Product.
 - 43. SR denies the allegations in Paragraph 43.
- 44. SR denies the allegations in Paragraph 44, because Plaintiffs misconstrue the FDA's findings as they may apply to SR's Product.
- 45. SR denies the allegations in Paragraph 45, because Plaintiffs misconstrue the Mayo Clinic's findings as they may apply to SR's Product.

C. The Labeling of the Product Violates California and Federal Statutes and Regulations

- i. Any Violation of Federal Food Labeling Statutes or Regulations is a Violation of California Law
- 46. The allegations in Paragraph 46 are legal conclusions to which no response is required. To the extent a response is required, SR lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations in Paragraph 46 and, on that basis, denies such allegations.
- 47. The allegations in Paragraph 47 are legal conclusions to which no response is required. To the extent a response is required, SR lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations in Paragraph 47 and, on that basis, denies such allegations.

- 48. The allegations in Paragraph 48 are legal conclusions to which no response is required. To the extent a response is required, SR lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations in Paragraph 48 and, on that basis, denies such allegations.
- 49. The allegations in Paragraph 49 are legal conclusions to which no response is required. To the extent a response is required, SR lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations in Paragraph 49 and, on that basis, denies such allegations.

ii. The Product's False and Misleading Labeling Claims Render itMisbranded Under California and Federal Law

- 50. The allegations in Paragraph 50 are legal conclusions to which no response is required. To the extent a response is required, SR lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations in Paragraph 50 and, on that basis, denies such allegations.
- 51. The allegations in the first sentence of Paragraph 51 are legal conclusions to which no response is required. To the extent a response is required, SR lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations in the first sentence of Paragraph 51 and, on that basis, denies the allegations contained therein. SR denies the allegations in the second sentence of Paragraph 51, because Plaintiffs misconstrue the findings of the referenced trials as they may apply to SR's Product.
- 52. The allegations in Paragraph 52 are legal conclusions to which no response is required. To the extent a response is required, SR lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations in Paragraph 52 and, on that basis, denies such allegations.
- 53. The allegations in Paragraph 53 are legal conclusions to which no response is required. To the extent a response is required, SR lacks knowledge or

information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations in Paragraph 53 and, on that basis, denies such allegations.

54. The allegations in the first sentence of Paragraph 54 are legal conclusions to which no response is required. To the extent a response is required, SR lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations in the first sentence of Paragraph 54 and, on that basis, denies the allegations contained therein. SR denies the allegations in the second sentence of Paragraph 54.

D. Plaintiffs' Purchases, Reliance, and Injury

- 55. The Court dismissed Plaintiff Capaci's individual claims in its July 15, 2020 order on the parties' joint stipulation filed July 14, 2020 dismissing Plaintiff Capaci from this action. Therefore, no response to the allegations in Paragraph 55 is required.
- 56. SR currently lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations in Paragraph 56 and, on that basis, denies such allegations.
- 57. SR currently lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations in Paragraph 57 and, on that basis, denies such allegations.
- 58. SR currently lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations in Paragraph 58 and, on that basis, denies such allegations.
- 59. As to Plaintiff Ford, SR denies the allegations in Paragraph 59. SR otherwise currently lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations in Paragraph 59 and, on that basis, denies such allegations.
- 60. SR currently lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations in Paragraph 60 and, on that basis, denies such allegations.

- 61. SR currently lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations in Paragraph 61 and, on that basis, denies such allegations.
- 62. The allegations in Paragraph 62 are legal conclusions to which no response is required. To the extent a response is required, SR denies the allegations in Paragraph 62.
- 63. SR currently lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations in Paragraph 63 and, on that basis, denies such allegations.
- 64. The Court dismissed Plaintiff Capaci's individual claims in its July 15, 2020 order on the parties' joint stipulation filed July 14, 2020 dismissing Plaintiff Capaci from this action. Therefore, no response to the allegations in Paragraph 64 is required.
 - 65. SR denies the allegations in Paragraph 65.
 - 66. SR denies the allegations of Paragraph 66.
- 67. SR currently lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations in Paragraph 67 regarding when or if Plaintiffs exercised reasonable diligence and, on that basis, denies such allegations. SR otherwise denies the remaining allegations in Paragraph 67.
 - 68. SR denies the allegations in Paragraph 68.
- 69. The allegations in Paragraph 69 are legal conclusions to which no response is required. To the extent a response is required, SR denies the allegations in Paragraph 69.
- 70. The allegations in Paragraph 70 contain legal conclusions to which no response is required. To the extent a response is required, SR currently lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations in Paragraph 70 and, on that basis, denies such allegations.
 - 71. SR denies the allegations of Paragraph 71.

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- SR currently lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief 72. as to the truth of the allegations in Paragraph 72 and, on that basis, denies such allegations.
- SR currently lacks knowledge or information to form a belief as to the 73. truth of the allegations in Paragraph 73 and, on that basis, denies such allegations.
 - SR denies the allegations in Paragraph 74. 74.
- 75. The allegations in Paragraph 75 contain legal conclusions to which no response is required. To the extent a response is required, SR denies the allegations in Paragraph 75.
- 76. The allegations in Paragraph 76 contain legal conclusions to which no response is required. To the extent a response is required, SR denies the allegations in Paragraph 76.
- 77. The allegations in Paragraph 77 contain legal conclusions to which no response is required. To the extent a response is required, SR denies the allegations in Paragraph 77.

CLASS ACTION ALLEGATIONS V.

- The allegations in Paragraph 78 contain legal conclusions to which no 78. response is required. To the extent a response is required, SR denies that a class should be certified.
- 79. The allegations in Paragraph 79 do not require a response. To the extent a response is required, SR denies that a class should be certified.
- The allegations in Paragraph 80 do not require a response. To the extent 80. a response is required, SR denies that a class should be certified. SR reserves the right to respond to any additional allegations Plaintiffs may assert in this action.
- 81. The allegations in Paragraph 81 do not require a response. To the extent a response is required, SR denies the allegations in Paragraph 81 and denies that a class should be certified.

- 82. The allegations in Paragraph 82 do not require a response. To the extent a response is required, SR denies the allegations in Paragraph 82 and denies that a class should be certified.
- 83. The allegations in Paragraph 83 contain legal conclusions to which no response is required. To the extent a response is required, SR denies the allegations in Paragraph 83 and denies that a class should be certified.
- 84. The allegations in Paragraph 84 contain legal conclusions to which no response is required. To the extent a response is required, SR denies the allegations in Paragraph 84 and denies that a class should be certified.
- 85. The allegations in Paragraph 85 contains legal conclusions to which no response is required. To the extent a response is required, SR denies the allegations in Paragraph 85 and denies that a class should be certified.
- 86. The allegations in Paragraph 86 contain legal conclusions to which no response is required. To the extent a response is required, SR denies the allegations in Paragraph 86 and denies that a class should be certified.
- 87. The allegations in Paragraph 87 do not require a response. To the extent a response is required, SR currently lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations in Paragraph 87 and, on that basis, denies such allegations and denies that a class should be certified.
- 88. SR denies the allegations in Paragraph 88 that Plaintiffs, or proposed class members, have suffered any harm. The remaining allegations about the policy purposes behind class actions do not require a response, but to the extent a response is required, SR denies such allegations and denies that a class should be certified.
- 89. The allegations in Paragraph 89 contain legal conclusions to which no response is required. To the extent a response is required, SR denies the allegations in Paragraph 89 and denies that a class should be certified.

- 96. The allegations in Paragraph 96 contain legal conclusions to which no response is required. To the extent a response is required, SR denies the allegations in Paragraph 96.
- 97. The allegations in Paragraph 97 contain legal conclusions to which no response is required. To the extent a response is required, SR denies the allegations in Paragraph 97.
- 98. The allegations in Paragraph 98 contain legal conclusions to which no response is required. To the extent a response is required, SR admits that the SAC prays for injunctive relief but denies that it is in any way liable to Plaintiffs or that Plaintiffs are entitled to such relief.
- 99. The allegations in Paragraph 99 contain legal conclusions to which no response is required. To the extent a response is required, SR admits that the SAC prays for disgorgement and restitution but denies that it is in any way liable to Plaintiffs or that Plaintiffs are entitled to such relief.

Unlawful

- 100. The allegations in Paragraph 100 contain legal conclusions to which no response is required. To the extent a response is required, SR denies the factual allegations in Paragraph 100.
 - 101. SR denies the allegations in Paragraph 101.
- 102. The allegations in Paragraph 102 do not require a response. To the extent a response is required, SR denies that it is in any way liable to Plaintiffs. SR reserves the right to respond to any additional allegations Plaintiffs may assert in this action.
- 103. The allegations in Paragraph 103 contain legal conclusions to which no response is required. To the extent a response is required, SR denies the factual allegations in Paragraph 103.

The allegations in Paragraph 113 contain legal conclusions to which no

- 149. The Court dismissed Plaintiff Capaci's individual claims, including Plaintiffs' seventh cause of action for violation of New Jersey's Consumer Fraud Act, in its July 15, 2020 order on the parties' joint stipulation filed July 14, 2020 dismissing Plaintiff Capaci from this action. Therefore, no response to the allegations in Paragraph 149 is required.
- 150. The Court dismissed Plaintiff Capaci's individual claims, including Plaintiffs' seventh cause of action for violation of New Jersey's Consumer Fraud Act, in its July 15, 2020 order on the parties' joint stipulation filed July 14, 2020 dismissing Plaintiff Capaci from this action. Therefore, no response to the allegations in Paragraph 150 is required.
- 151. The Court dismissed Plaintiff Capaci's individual claims, including Plaintiffs' seventh cause of action for violation of New Jersey's Consumer Fraud Act, in its July 15, 2020 order on the parties' joint stipulation filed July 14, 2020 dismissing Plaintiff Capaci from this action. Therefore, no response to the allegations in Paragraph 151 is required.
- 152. The Court dismissed Plaintiff Capaci's individual claims, including Plaintiffs' seventh cause of action for violation of New Jersey's Consumer Fraud Act, in its July 15, 2020 order on the parties' joint stipulation filed July 14, 2020 dismissing Plaintiff Capaci from this action. Therefore, no response to the allegations in Paragraph 152 is required.
- 153. The Court dismissed Plaintiff Capaci's individual claims, including Plaintiffs' seventh cause of action for violation of New Jersey's Consumer Fraud Act, in its July 15, 2020 order on the parties' joint stipulation filed July 14, 2020 dismissing Plaintiff Capaci from this action. Therefore, no response to the allegations in Paragraph 153 is required.
- 154. The Court dismissed Plaintiff Capaci's individual claims, including Plaintiffs' seventh cause of action for violation of New Jersey's Consumer Fraud Act, in its July 15, 2020 order on the parties' joint stipulation filed July 14, 2020

- 159. The Court dismissed Plaintiff Capaci's individual claims, including Plaintiffs' eighth cause of action for violations of the TCCWNA, in its July 15, 2020 order on the parties' joint stipulation filed July 14, 2020 dismissing Plaintiff Capaci from this action. Therefore, no response to the allegations in Paragraph 159 is required.
- 160. The Court dismissed Plaintiff Capaci's individual claims, including Plaintiffs' eighth cause of action for violations of the TCCWNA, in its July 15, 2020 order on the parties' joint stipulation filed July 14, 2020 dismissing Plaintiff Capaci from this action. Therefore, no response to the allegations in Paragraph 160 is required.
- 161. The Court dismissed Plaintiff Capaci's individual claims, including Plaintiffs' eighth cause of action for violations of the TCCWNA, in its July 15, 2020 order on the parties' joint stipulation filed July 14, 2020 dismissing Plaintiff Capaci from this action. Therefore, no response to the allegations in Paragraph 161 is required.
- 162. The Court dismissed Plaintiff Capaci's individual claims, including Plaintiffs' eighth cause of action for violations of the TCCWNA, in its July 15, 2020 order on the parties' joint stipulation filed July 14, 2020 dismissing Plaintiff Capaci from this action. Therefore, no response to the allegations in Paragraph 162 is required.
- 163. The Court dismissed Plaintiff Capaci's individual claims, including Plaintiffs' eighth cause of action for violations of the TCCWNA, in its July 15, 2020 order on the parties' joint stipulation filed July 14, 2020 dismissing Plaintiff Capaci from this action. Therefore, no response to the allegations in Paragraph 163 is required.
- 164. The Court dismissed Plaintiff Capaci's individual claims, including Plaintiffs' eighth cause of action for violations of the TCCWNA, in its July 15, 2020 order on the parties' joint stipulation filed July 14, 2020 dismissing Plaintiff Capaci

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27 28 from this action. Therefore, no response to the allegations in Paragraph 164 is required.

- The Court dismissed Plaintiff Capaci's individual claims, including Plaintiffs' eighth cause of action for violations of the TCCWNA, in its July 15, 2020 order on the parties' joint stipulation filed July 14, 2020 dismissing Plaintiff Capaci from this action. Therefore, no response to the allegations in Paragraph 165 is required.
- The Court dismissed Plaintiff Capaci's individual claims, including Plaintiffs' eighth cause of action for violations of the TCCWNA, in its July 15, 2020 order on the parties' joint stipulation filed July 14, 2020 dismissing Plaintiff Capaci from this action. Therefore, no response to the allegations in Paragraph 166 is required.
- The Court dismissed Plaintiff Capaci's individual claims, including Plaintiffs' eighth cause of action for violations of the TCCWNA, in its July 15, 2020 order on the parties' joint stipulation filed July 14, 2020 dismissing Plaintiff Capaci from this action. Therefore, no response to the allegations in Paragraph 167 is required.

VI. PRAYER FOR RELIEF

Paragraph 168 constitutes Plaintiffs' request for remedies and prayer for relief to which no answer is required. To the extent Paragraph 168 purports to state any factual allegations, SR denies them. All allegations in the SAC that SR has not expressly admitted are denied. SR denies the validity of all claims, denies any liability for any purported injury alleged in the SAC, denies that this action is a proper class action, and denies that Plaintiffs or the proposed class are entitled to the relief or judgment requested in Paragraph 168, including all subparts thereof.

SR's AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSES

As separate defenses to the SAC, and to each and every purported claim therein, SR alleges the following defenses. By setting forth a defense in this pleading, SR does not concede that it bears the burden of proof or persuasion as to such a defense. SR expressly reserves the right to amend its Answer and affirmative defenses and plead additional affirmative defenses supported by facts learned through discovery or as may be necessitated by the filing of any amended complaint by Plaintiffs. SR also specifically reserves all separate or affirmative defenses that it may have against each proposed class member. It is not necessary at this time for SR to delineate such defenses against the proposed class members because no class has been certified and the proposed class members are not parties to the litigation.

FIRST AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

1. Plaintiffs' SAC, and each and every claim alleged therein, fails to state facts sufficient to state a cause of action or claim upon which relief can be granted against SR.

SECOND AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

2. Plaintiffs' SAC, and each and every claim alleged therein, is barred in whole or in part, by the doctrine of laches, because, among other things, Plaintiffs waited an unreasonable amount of time before bringing suit against SR.

THIRD AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

3. Plaintiffs' SAC, and each and every claim alleged therein, is barred in whole or in part by the applicable statute of limitations, including but not limited to Cal. Civ. Code § 1783, Cal. Code Civ. Proc. § 338, Cal. Com. Code § 2725, and Cal. Bus. & Prof. Code § 17208.

FOURTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

4. Plaintiffs and some or all proposed class members lack standing to assert some or all of the alleged claims to relief asserted in the SAC.

FIFTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

5. The claims of some or all proposed class members are barred, in whole or in part, by the doctrine of third-party standing, because, among other things, such proposed class members have not suffered any injury and thus would not have standing to bring suit in their own names.

SIXTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

6. Plaintiffs and some or all proposed class members lack standing to assert their claims, because Plaintiffs have made inconsistent allegations, namely that the Product is worthless and that they would like to purchase the Product again.

SEVENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

7. Plaintiffs' SAC, and each and every claim alleged therein, is barred in whole or in part because the state law safe harbors in California shield SR from liability for undertaking action specifically authorized by federal or state regulatory bodies.

EIGHTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

8. Plaintiffs' SAC, and each and every claim alleged therein, is barred in whole or in part because Plaintiffs failed to give SR timely notice of any alleged failures.

NINTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

9. Plaintiffs' SAC, and each and every claim alleged therein, is barred in whole or in part by the voluntary payment doctrine because Plaintiffs and proposed class members voluntarily paid for SR's Product about which they now complain with full knowledge of the facts and circumstances pursuant to which such amounts were paid.

TENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

10. Plaintiffs' SAC, and each and every claim alleged therein, is barred in whole or in part by the doctrine of accord and satisfaction to the extent that Plaintiffs and/or proposed class members sought and received a refund of their purchase price.

ELEVENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

11. Plaintiffs and the proposed class members are not entitled to equitable relief because there is an adequate remedy at law, including SR's 90-day Satisfaction Guarantee.

TWELFTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

12. Plaintiffs' SAC, and each and every claim alleged therein, is barred in whole or in part because SR's conduct is protected commercial speech and/or to the extent that relief sought would violate the protection thereof by the First Amendment to the Constitution of the United States.

THIRTEENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

13. Plaintiffs' SAC, and each and every claim alleged therein, is barred in whole or in part insofar as it is preempted under federal law, including 21 U.S.C. §§ 343(r)(1), 343(r)(6), and 343-1(a)(5). *See also Stanley v. Bayer Healthcare LLC*, No. 110862, 2012 WL 1132920, at *3 (S.D. Cal. Apr. 3, 2012); *Chavez v. Nestle USA*,

Inc., No. 09-9192, 2011 WL 2150128, at *5 (C.D. Cal. May 19, 2011); *Fraker v. Bayer Corp.*, No. 08-1564, 2009 WL 5865687, at *8 (E.D. Cal. Oct. 6, 2009).

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FOURTEENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

To the extent that the claims of Plaintiffs and the proposed class members

Plaintiffs and the proposed class members would be unjustly enriched if

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are predicated on violations of the federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act, such claims are barred because they are the primary jurisdiction of the Food and Drug Administration.

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FIFTEENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

they received from SR any of the relief sought in the SAC or obtained the declaration of rights they seek, because, among other things, Plaintiffs and the proposed class

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members did not pay a price premium for the contested statements on the Product's label. The amount of value Plaintiffs and the proposed class members received from

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the Product greatly exceeds the amount of damages Plaintiffs seek in the SAC.

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Therefore, SR is not liable to Plaintiffs or any proposed class members under the SAC or any cause of action alleged therein.

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SIXTEENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

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16. Without peril to SR's denial of the existence of every alleged claim and purported damages, SR alleges that Plaintiffs and the proposed class members, while

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knowing of the purported damages complained of, failed to mitigate such damages

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and/or increased such damages, if any there be, and accordingly, to the extent of such

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caused by SR, which SR expressly denies, such damages should have been mitigated

Plaintiffs and/or the proposed class members suffered any damages proximately

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by reasonable efforts on the part of Plaintiffs and the proposed class members.

SEVENTEENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

17. The claims of Plaintiffs and the proposed class members are barred, in whole or in part, because they may have relied upon third party resources, including blog posts, social media accounts and posts, articles, publications, radio show programs, product reviews, studies, advertisements, and other material not created or published by SR in deciding whether to purchase SR's Product.

EIGHTEENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

18. The claims of Plaintiffs and the proposed class members are barred, in whole or in part, by the doctrine of estoppel, because, among other things, they never complained to SR about any products they ordered and received and never took advantage of SR's 90-day Satisfaction Guarantee.

NINETEENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

19. The claims of Plaintiffs and the proposed class members are barred, in whole or in part, by the doctrine of waiver, because, among other things, they accepted any Products they ordered and received, never complained to SR about such Products, failed to take advantage of SR's 90-day Satisfaction Guarantee, and/or may have already received a refund for any Products they purchased.

TWENTIETH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

20. The claims of Plaintiffs and the proposed class members fail because they lack standing, as SR did not engage in a widespread campaign of promotion or utilize pervasive advertisements.

TWENTY-FIRST AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

21. The claims of Plaintiffs and the proposed class members fail, because to the extent Plaintiffs and the proposed class members relied on any material prepared

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by SR, such as material on SR's website, such material contains factual statements or

general, subjective, and non-actionable puffery. TWENTY-SECOND AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE 22. The claims of Plaintiffs and the proposed class members are barred, because at all relevant times, SR acted in good faith. TWENTY-THIRD AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE Without peril to SR's denial of the existence of every alleged claim and 23. purported damages, the claims of Plaintiffs and the proposed class members are barred, because any purported damages sustained by Plaintiffs and/or the proposed class members were proximately caused by the acts, omissions, negligence, and/or fault of Plaintiffs and/or the proposed class members. TWENTY-FOURTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE Without peril to SR's denial of the existence of every alleged claim and 24. purported damages, SR alleges that any purported damages sustained by Plaintiffs and/or the proposed class members were caused by the acts, omissions, negligence, and/or fault of third persons or entities which operated as the superseding, intervening, and proximate cause of the damages allegedly sustained by Plaintiffs and/or the proposed class members. TWENTY-FIFTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE Without peril to SR's denial of the existence of every alleged claim and 25. purported damages, SR alleges that any purported damages sustained by Plaintiffs and/or the proposed class members should be offset under the doctrine of betterment and other related doctrines based upon the amount of value received from SR's Product they allegedly purchased and received.

TWENTY-SIXTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

26. To the extent any of the individual Plaintiffs or proposed class members re-sold any Products they purchased and received, they are barred, in whole or in part, from recovery.

TWENTY-SEVENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

27. Plaintiffs and the proposed class members cannot obtain disgorgement of profits as a remedy under any of the claims they have asserted, because such a remedy is not authorized under these claims and as confirmed by cases, including *Wood v*. *Midland Credit Mgmt.*, No. CV 05-3881 FMC (MANx), 2005 WL 3159639, at *5 (C.D. Cal. July 29, 2005); *Feitelberg v. Credit Suisse First Boston, LLC*, 134 Cal. App. 4th 997, 1013 (2005); and *Vasic v. PatentHealth, L.L.C.*, 171 F. Supp. 3d 1034, 1041 (S.D. Cal. 2016).

TWENTY-EIGHTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

28. Plaintiffs and the proposed class members lack standing under Article III of the United States Constitution to pursue injunctive relief, because, among other things, they do not intend to purchase SR's Product in the immediate future, they do not intent to purchase products with Garcinia Cambogia extract or Hydroxycitric Acid or coconut oil, and if they do intend to purchase products with Garcinia Cambogia extract or Hydroxycitric Acid or coconut oil, they may purchase products from companies other than SR, and as such, Plaintiffs and the proposed class members cannot demonstrate that they are likely to suffer future injury from SR's alleged conduct.

TWENTY-NINTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

29. The claims of Plaintiffs and the proposed class members and the remedies they seek, including monetary damages, are barred, because the corrections,

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repairs, replacements, and other remedies requested in the pre-litigation notice were made/provided by SR, to the extent practicable and applicable. THIRTIETH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE 30. The claims of Plaintiffs and the proposed class members and the remedies they seek, including monetary damages, are barred, in whole or in part, because SR, in response to pre-litigation notice, took further steps to ensure that it was not engaging in any of the methods, acts, or practices alleged in the notice. THIRTY-FIRST AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE 31. SR alleges that Plaintiffs and the proposed class members, or third parties acting at their direction, negligently or intentionally failed to secure, maintain, or preserve evidence that is the subject of, or related to this lawsuit, and such evidence would have assisted SR in defending against this lawsuit. Such intentional and/or negligent spoliation of evidence bars or diminishes recovery by Plaintiffs and/or the proposed class members. THIRTY-SECOND AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE 32. This action is not appropriate for class treatment, because Plaintiffs cannot satisfy the numerosity requirement, because, among other things, the proposed classes are so numerous that joinder of all members is impracticable. THIRTY-THIRD AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE This action is not appropriate for class treatment, because the claims of 33. the individual Plaintiffs are not typical of the claims of the proposed class members.

1 THIRTY-FOURTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE 2 34. This action is not appropriate for class treatment, because Plaintiffs cannot satisfy the commonality requirement. 3 4 THIRTY-FIFTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE 5 This action is not appropriate for class treatment, because Plaintiffs will 35. 6 not fairly or adequately protect the interests of the proposed class members. 7 8 9 THIRTY-SIXTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE 10 36. This action is not appropriate for class treatment, because Plaintiffs cannot satisfy the predominance requirement, because, among other things, individual 11 issues as to reliance, causation, injury, and damages, predominate over any issues 12 13 common to the proposed classes. 14 15 THIRTY-SEVENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE 16 37. This action is not appropriate for class treatment, because the proposed 17 class definitions are overbroad, there is no objective method to ascertain class members, and proper classes cannot be ascertained. 18 19 THIRTY-EIGHTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE 20 This action is not appropriate for class treatment, because a class action is 21 38. not superior to other available methods for fairly and efficiently adjudicating the 22 controversy. 23 24 25 THIRTY-NINTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE This action is not appropriate for class treatment, because the claims in 26 39. the SAC necessarily revolve around the individual knowledge of each Plaintiff and 27 28 each proposed class member, as well as the history and extent of each individual's

knowledge of Garcinia Cambogia extract or Hydroxycitric Acid and coconut oil and alleged purported benefits of such ingredients, and individual preferences concerning such ingredients, including whether individuals buy products containing such ingredients, and whether the presence or lack thereof of such ingredients factors into their purchasing decision in any material way.

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FORTIETH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

The SAC fails to adequately define any class of persons who could

properly prosecute this action as a class action, fails to allege any claim that can be prosecuted as a class action, and otherwise fails to satisfy the requirements of class

certification.

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FORTY-FIRST AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

41. This action is barred by the judicial abstention doctrine, because, among other things, granting the requested relief would require the trial court to assume the functions of an administrative agency, or to interfere with the functions of an administrative agency, and would be unnecessarily burdensome for the trial court to monitor and enforce given the availability of more effective means of redress, and the lawsuit involves determining complex policy issues, which are best handled by the

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FORTY-SECOND AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

Plaintiffs' negligent misrepresentation claims are barred by the economic 42. loss rule, because Plaintiffs have not alleged personal injury or damages to property other than the Product itself. See Resnick v. Hyundai Motor Am., Inc., No. CV-16-

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00593-BRO (PJWx), 2017 WL 1531192, at *10 (C.D. Cal. Apr. 13, 2017).

state legislatures and/or Food & Drug Administrations.

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1 FORTY-THIRD AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE SR presently has insufficient knowledge or information upon which to 2 43. form a belief as to whether it may have additional, unstated defenses. On that basis, 3 SR reserves the right to amend and/or supplement this answer and to assert additional 4 5 defenses in the event discovery indicates that additional defenses are appropriate. In doing so, SR specifically reserves their Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 12(b) 6 defenses. 7 8 9 PRAYER FOR RELIEF 10 WHEREFORE, SR prays for relief as follows: 11 That Plaintiffs take nothing by way of the SAC, that the same be 1. dismissed with prejudice, and that judgment be entered in favor of SR; 12 13 2. That SR be awarded its costs in this action; 14 3. That SR be awarded its attorneys' fees against the nominally represented Plaintiffs pursuant to California Code of Procedure Section 1780(e) and any other 15 applicable statutes; 16 17 4. That the proposed certification of any class herein be denied; and 5. For such other and further relief as the Court deems just and proper. 18 19 DATED: July 24, 2020 20 GARCIA RAINEY BLANK & BOWERBANK LLP 21 22 By /s/ Jeffrey M. Blank 23 JEFFREY M. BLANK NORMA V. GARCIA 24 Attorneys for Defendant 25 **Sports Research Corporation** 26 27 28 35

JURY DEMAND Defendant Sports Research Corporation hereby demands a trial by jury on all issues triable by a jury alleged or relating to this litigation pursuant to Rule 38 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure. DATED: July 24, 2020 GARCIA RAINEY BLANK & BOWERBANK LLP /s/ Jeffrey M. Blank By JEFFREY M. BLANK NORMA V. GARCIA Attorneys for Defendant **Sports Research Corporation**